

a)  $V_{ic} = 0.9V$ , determine  $V_b$ , s.t. tail current  $I = 10\mu A$   
 $\therefore M5$  in Saturation region.

$$\frac{1}{2} K' \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_5 (V_b - V_{t5})^2 (1 + \lambda V_{ds5}) = 10 \mu A$$

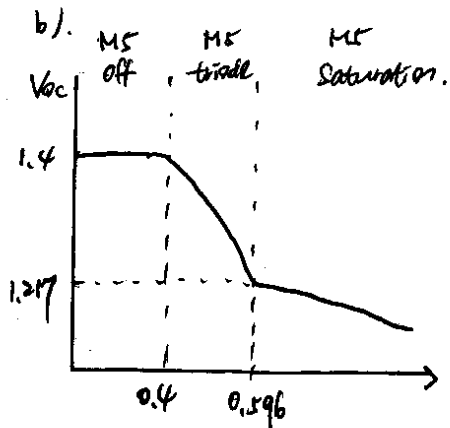
$\Rightarrow V_b \sim 0.5V$ , in Spice, this gives a tail current of  $10.8 \mu A$ , because we ignored  $V_{ds5}$ ! To improve the accuracy, we should consider effect of  $\lambda V_{ds5}$ .

$$V_{ds5} = V_{ic} - V_{gs1} = 0.9 - (V_{t3} + \sqrt{\frac{2|I_d|}{K' \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_3}}) = 0.41$$

$\therefore V_b = 0.4962 (V) \Rightarrow$  this gives tail current of  $10 \mu A$  in spice.

$$V_x = V_{ic} - V_{gs1} = 0.4 (V) \quad \text{Spice: } 0.407V$$

$$V_{o1} = V_{o2} = V_{dd} - |V_{gs3}| = 1.8 - (1 - 0.4) + \sqrt{\frac{2|I_d|}{K' \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_3}} = 1.217 (V) \quad \text{Spice: } 1.2248 V$$



I: When  $V_x \leq 0$ ,  $M5$  is off.

$\therefore V_{ic} \leq 0.4V$ , no current flows!

$$V_{oc} = V_{dd} - |V_{t3}| = 1.8 - 0.4 = 1.4 (V)$$

II:  $0 \leq V_x \leq V_{d,sat5}$ ,  $M5$  in triode

$$0.4V \leq V_{ic} \leq V_{d,sat5} + |V_{t5}| = 0.5 + 0.0962 = 0.5962$$

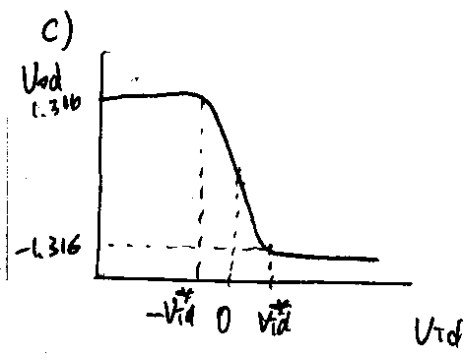
$$V_{oc} \Big|_{V_{ic}=0.596} = V_{dd} - |V_{gs3}| = 1.217 (V)$$

M3, M4 always in Saturation! ( $\because V_{gd} = 0$ ) \* (2)

M1, M2, stays in Saturation if  $|V_{ds1}| \geq V_{dsat1}$ .

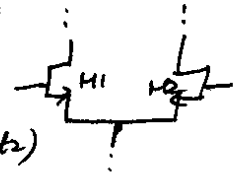
$V_{ic} - V_{oc} \leq V_t$ ,  $V_{ic} \leq 1.217 + 0.4 = 1.617 (V)$ .

$\therefore$  Once  $V_{ic} > 1.617$ , M1, M2 enters triode mode \* #

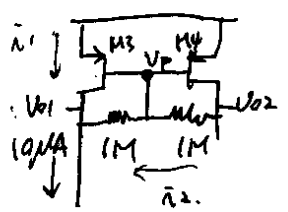


$V_{od}$  saturates whenever tail current steers to either side.

$V_{id} = (V_t + V_{dsat1}) - (V_t + V_{dsat2})$   
 $= \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 10 \mu}{K_n' \frac{W}{L}}} = 0.141 (V)$  \*



What about  $V_{od}$ ?



consider  $V_{id} > 0$  case. ( $V_{id} < 0$  is symmetric to the solution derived here)  
 $\max(V_{o2} - V_{o1}) = 1.8V$ .

$\therefore i_{2, \max} = 9.9 \mu A$ .

$\therefore$  can ignore  $i_2$ , and assume all  $10 \mu A$  flows into M3.

$\therefore V_p = V_{dd} - |V_{ds3}| = 1.8 - (0.4 + \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 5 \mu}{K_p' \frac{W}{L}}}) = 1.142 (V)$

$V_{o2} \sim 1.8V$ .

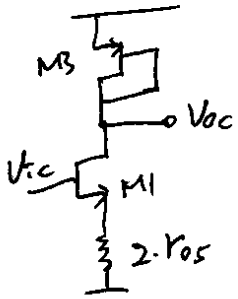
$\therefore V_{o1} = V_p - (V_{o2} - V_p) \approx 0.484 (V)$ .

One can do iteration to improve the accuracy of  $V_{o1}$  &  $V_{o2}$ .

To 1st order analysis,  $V_{od} = (V_{o1} - V_{o2}) = -1.316 (V)$  \*

d) common mode half circuit:

(3)



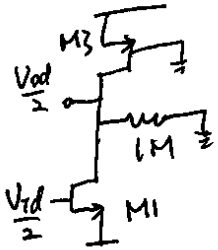
$$R_{oc} \cong \frac{1}{g_{m3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \cdot k_p \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_3 \cdot I_{D1}}} \approx 16.95 \text{ k}\Omega \quad \#$$

Spice: 17.3 kΩ

$$A_{cm} = \frac{-g_{m1}}{1 + g_{m1} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_1 \cdot I_{D1}}} \cdot R_{oc} \cong -16.95 \text{ (M)}$$

Spice: -15.75 M

e) differential mode half circuit



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{R_{od}}{2} &\cong (1M \parallel r_{03} \parallel r_{01}) \\ &= \left( 1M \parallel \frac{1}{0.15 \cdot 5\mu} \parallel \frac{1}{0.2 \cdot 5\mu} \right) \cong 363.39 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned}$$

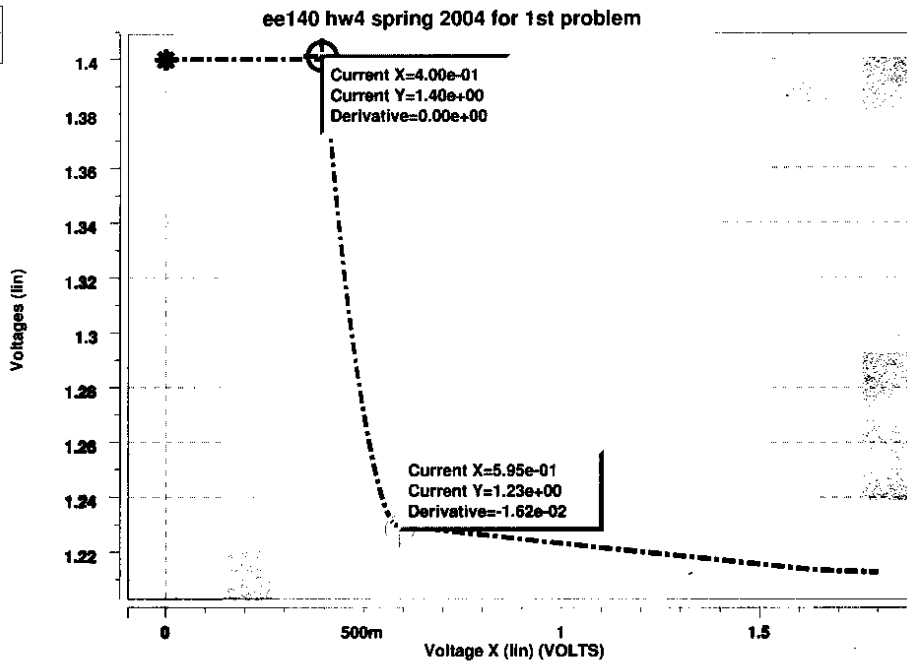
$\therefore R_{od} \sim 726.78 \text{ k}\Omega$       spice: 783.95 kΩ

$$A_{dm} = -g_{m1} \cdot \frac{R_{od}}{2} = -\sqrt{2k' \frac{W}{L} \cdot I_D} \cdot \frac{R_{od}}{2} \cong -36.3$$

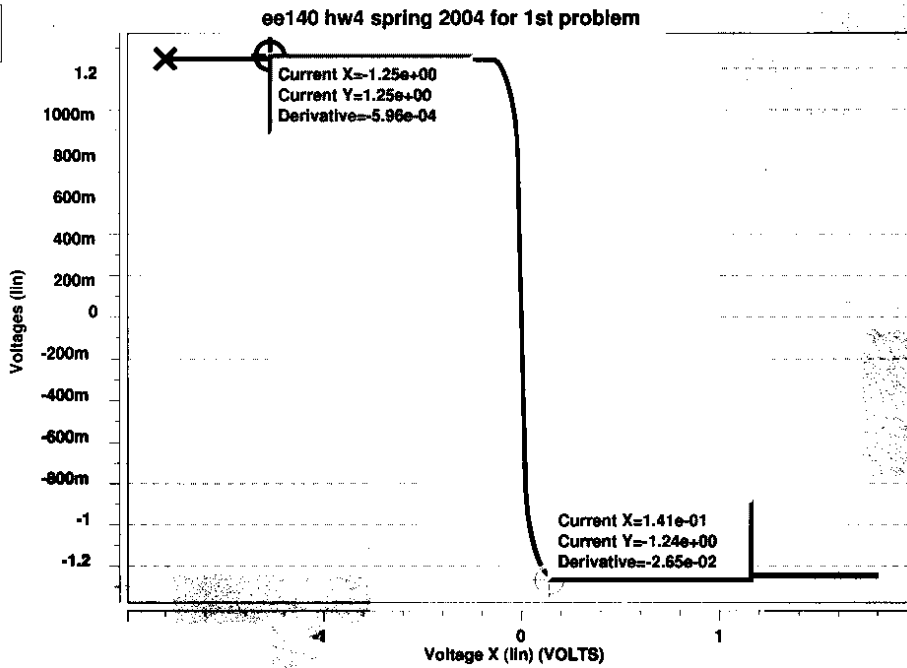
Spice: -42.3

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Wave	Symbol
D0:A1:v(voc)	*---



Wave	Symbol
D0:A0:v(vod)	X—



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EE140 HW4 Spring 2004 for 1st problem

```
.model nch nmos LEVEL=1 TOX=25 VTO=0.4 KP=100.0e-6 LAMBDA=0.2
+GAMMA=0.01 PHI=0.6 CAPOP=0 CGSO=5.0e-10 CGDO=5.0e-10
+CGBO=4.0e-10 CJ=6.0e-4 CJSW=2.0e-10
```

```
.model pch pmos LEVEL=1 TOX=25 VTO=-0.4 KP=60.0e-6 LAMBDA=0.15
+GAMMA=0.01 PHI=0.6 CAPOP=0 CGSO=5.0e-10 CGDO=5.0e-10
+CGBO=4.0e-10 CJ=6.0e-4 CJSW=2.0e-10
```

```
*-----
vdd vdd 0 1.8
```

```
vic vic 0 0.9
vid vid 0 0
e1 vi1 vic vid 0 0.5
e2 vi2 vic vid 0 -0.5
```

```
e3 voc1 voc2 vo1 0 0.5
e4 voc voc1 vo2 0 0.5
voc voc2 0 0
fco1 vo1 0 voc -1
fco2 vo2 0 voc -1
```

```
m1 vo1 vi1 s s nch w=10u l=1u
m2 vo2 vi2 s s nch w=10u l=1u
m3 vo1 g vdd vdd pch w=5u l=1u
m4 vo2 g vdd vdd pch w=5u l=1u
r11 vo1 g 1000k
r12 vo2 g 1000k
vb vb 0 0.4962
m5 s vb 0 0 nch w=20u l=1u
```

```
*-----
.dc vid -1.8 1.8 0.01
.dc vic 0 1.8 0.01
.option nomod post
.op
.probe dc vod=v(vo1,vo2) voc=v(voc)
.tf v(vo1,vo2) vid
.alter
.tf v(voc) vic
.end
```

```
**** mosfets
```

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```

subckt
element 0:m1 0:m2 0:m3 0:m4 0:m5
model 0:nch 0:nch 0:pch 0:pch 0:nch
region Saturati Saturati Saturati Saturati Saturati
id 5.0041u 5.0041u -5.0041u -5.0041u 10.0082u
ibs 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
ibd -8.1750f -8.1750f 5.7524f 5.7524f -4.0725f
vgs 492.7460m 492.7460m -575.2450m -575.2450m 496.2000m
vds 817.5010m 817.5010m -575.2450m -575.2450m 407.2540m
vbs 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
vth 400.0000m 400.0000m -400.0000m -400.0000m 400.0000m
vdsat 92.7460m 92.7460m -175.2450m -175.2450m 96.2000m
beta 1.1635m 1.1635m 325.8860u 325.8860u 2.1629m
gam_eff 10.0000m 10.0000m 10.0000m 10.0000m 10.0000m
gm 107.9100u 107.9100u 57.1099u 57.1099u 208.0711u
gds 860.1820n 860.1820n 690.9930n 690.9930n 1.8509u
gmb 696.5560n 696.5560n 368.6427n 368.6427n 1.3431u
cdtot 5.0000f 5.0000f 2.5000f 2.5000f 10.0000f
cgtot 102.4843f 102.4843f 51.4421f 51.4421f 204.5686f
cstot 97.0843f 97.0843f 48.5421f 48.5421f 194.1686f
cbtot 4.000e-16 4.000e-16 4.000e-16 4.000e-16 4.000e-16
cgs 97.0843f 97.0843f 48.5421f 48.5421f 194.1686f
cgd 5.0000f 5.0000f 2.5000f 2.5000f 10.0000f

```

Differential Mode

\*\*\*\* small-signal transfer characteristics

**v(vo1,vo2)/vid = -42.2981**  
input resistance at vid = 1.000e+20  
**output resistance at v(vo1,vo2) = 783.9513k**

Common Mode

\*\*\*\* small-signal transfer characteristics

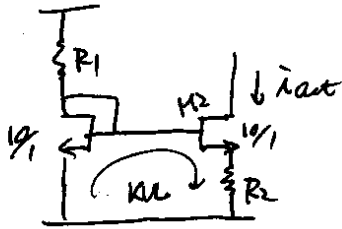
**v(voc)/vic = -15.7483m**  
input resistance at vic = 1.000e+20  
**output resistance at v(voc) = 17.2986k**

vth  
vds  
vbs

\*\*\*\*

2.

①

a) design for  $I_{out} = 100 \mu A$ ,  $I_{in} = 400 \mu A$ .Write KVL equations: (ignore  $\lambda$  effect).

$$I_{out} \cdot R_2 + V_{GS} + \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot I_{out}}{k' \frac{W}{L}}} = V_{GS} + \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot I_{in}}{k' \frac{W}{L}}}$$

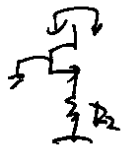
$$= V_{DD} - I_{in} \cdot R_1$$

$$\therefore R_2 = \frac{1}{100 \mu} \left( \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 400 \mu}{k' \cdot 10/1}} - \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 100 \mu}{k' \cdot 10/1}} \right) = 4.472 \text{ (k}\Omega)$$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 = \frac{1}{I_{in}} \left( V_{DD} - V_{GS} - \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot I_{in}}{k' \frac{W}{L}}} \right) = 1.264 \text{ (k}\Omega)$$

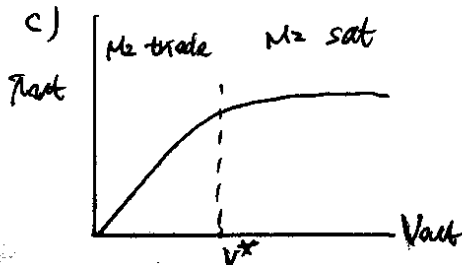
b)  $R_{out} = R_S + r_o (1 + g_m R_S)$ , where  $R_S = R_2$ .

(CS with source degeneration)



$$= 4.472 \text{ k} + \frac{1}{0.1 \cdot 100 \mu} \left( 1 + \sqrt{2 \cdot k' \frac{W}{L}} \cdot 100 \mu \cdot 4.472 \text{ k} \right)$$

$$\approx 300 \text{ k}\Omega$$

spec: 334 k $\Omega$ mismatch, because  $i_{out} \neq 100 \mu A$ , (ignore  $\lambda$  when designing)To improve accuracy, one should include  $\lambda$  effect, and iterate the equations to get a more accurate value of  $R_1$  &  $R_2$ .

$$v^* = I_{out} \cdot R_2 + V_{DSAT2}$$

$$= 0.4472 + \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 100 \mu}{k' \cdot 10/1}} \approx 0.8444 \text{ (V)}$$

spec: 0.844 (V)

EE140 HW4 Spring 2004 for 2nd problem

```
.model nch nmos LEVEL=1 TOX=25 VTO=0.4 KP=100.0e-6 LAMBDA=0.1  
+GAMMA=0.01 PHI=0.6
```

```
*-----  
vdd vdd 0 1.8  
vout out 0 1  
m1 g 0 0 nch w=10u l=1u  
m2 out g s 0 nch w=10u l=1u  
  
r1 vdd g 1.264k  
r2 s 0 4.472k  
*-----
```

```
.dc vout 0 1.8 0.01  
.option nomod post  
.op  
  
.tf i(m2) vout  
.end
```

```
subckt  
element 0:m1 0:m2  
model 0:nch 0:nch  
region Saturati Saturati  
id 422.4604u 97.1935u  
ibs 0. -4.3465f  
ibd -12.6601f -10.0000f  
vgs 1.2660 831.3609m  
vds 1.2660 565.3508m  
vbs 0. -434.6492m  
vth 400.0000m 402.4258m  
vdsat 866.0101m 428.9351m  
beta 1.1266m 1.0565m  
gam eff 10.0000m 10.0000m  
gm 975.6478u 453.1850u  
gds 37.4987u 9.1993u  
gmb 6.2978u 2.2277u  
cdtot 2.332e-16 1.041e-16  
cgtot 92.3375f 92.2185f  
cstot 92.0843f 92.0843f  
cbtot 2.000e-17 3.010e-17  
cgs 92.0843f 92.0843f  
cgd 2.332e-16 1.041e-16
```

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\*\*\*\* small-signal transfer characteristics

$$\begin{aligned} i(m2)/v_{out} &= 2.9890u \\ \text{input resistance at } v_{out} &= 334.5640k \\ \text{output resistance at } i(m2) &= 334.5640k \end{aligned}$$

